Rab effectors regulate organization of endosomes

Presented by Joanna Manoranjan March 10, 2005

Divalent Rab Effectors Regulate the Sub-Compartmental Organization of Early Endosomes

Stefano De Renzis, Birte Sönnichsen and Marino Zerial Nature Cell Biology, Vol 4, Feb. 2002











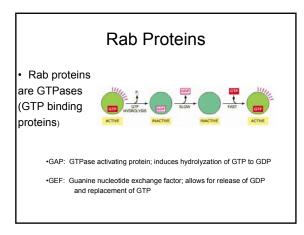
Alberts B, Molecular Biology of the Cell, 4th ed. 2002

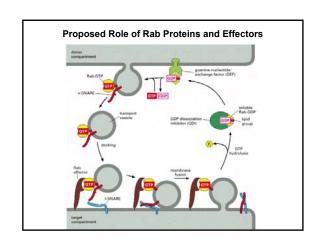
Endocytosis Endocytosis allows the cell to take up macromolecules in Early Endosomes and deliver them to lysosomes for digestion or degradation. Important for nutrient intake as well as defense against invasion Involved in recycling through either a "fast" or "slow" route. Fast route: early endosomes return cargo directly to the plasma membrane Slow route: cargo transported through perinuclear recycling endosomes

Regulation of Endocytosis: Organization and sorting of Early Endosomes

Questions addressed here include:

- How is Endocytosis regulated?
- More specifically, how do Rab proteins and their Effectors regulate endosome organization and sorting?
- * How is the Rab5 dependent early endosome sorted into sequential Rab 4 domains?



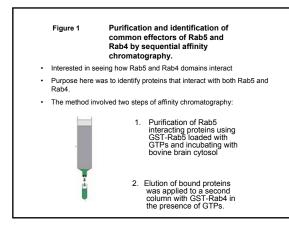


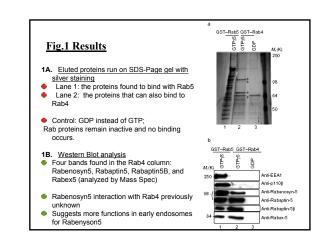
Rab 5: defines site of early endosome entry Rab4: Involved in early recycling pathway/sorting Rab 11: Recycling through perinuclear endosomes

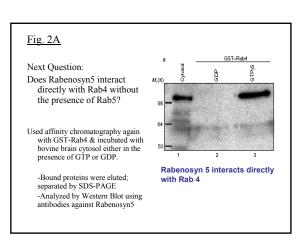
Rab Effectors

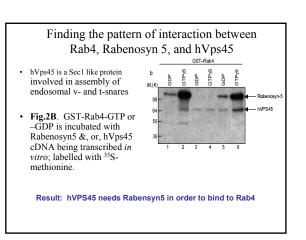
Proposed Interactions between Rab5 & its effectors:

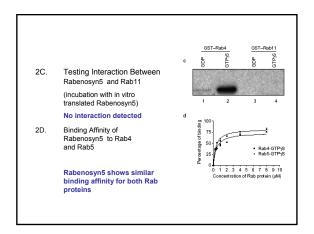
Rabaptin-5-Rabex 5 complex →
activates Rab5→ binds to hVPS34→
generates PI(3)P → localizes
EEA1 & Rabenosyn 5 , both
Rab5 Effectors

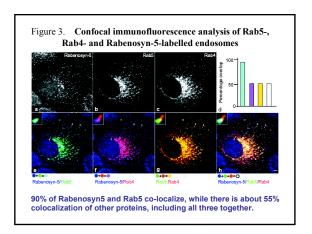


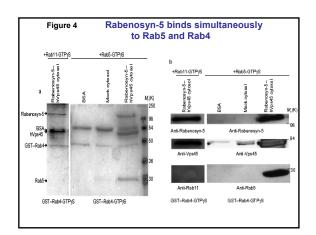


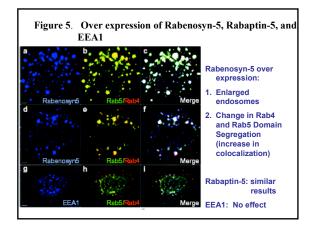


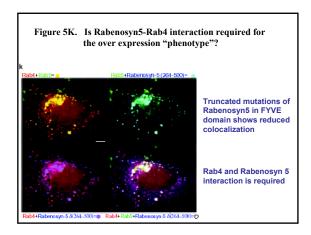


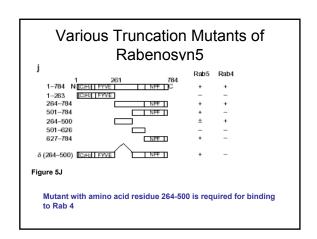


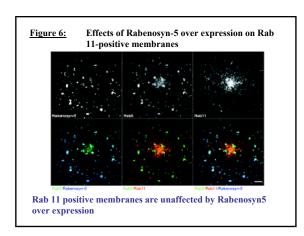


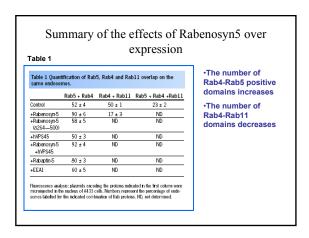


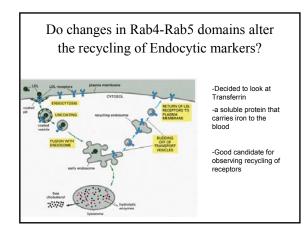


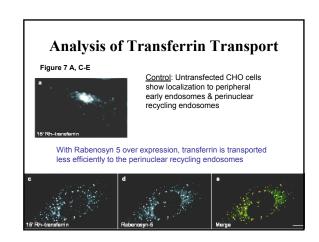


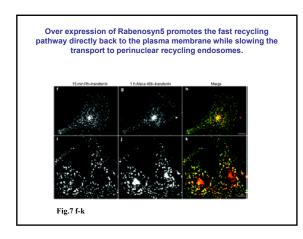


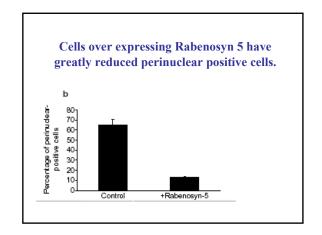


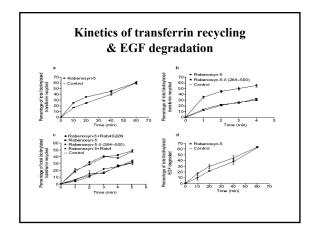












Summary of Results

- The sequential transport of cargo implies coordination with neighboring Rab proteins
- Rabenosyn 5 appears to work with Rabaptin 5 to link the Rab 5 and Rab4 domains.
- Some Rab4 effectors could regulate Rab11 domains.
- Rab5 and Rab4 are in dynamic equilibrium between fission and fusion; Rabenosyn 5 and Rabaptin may act as stabilizers between the two domains to counteract fission.

